

Access Control and Privacy Policies (10)

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Slides: KEATS (also homework is there)

Revision

1st Lecture

2nd Lecture: E-Voting

- Integrity
- Ballot Secrecy
- Voter Authentication
- Enfranchisement
- Availability

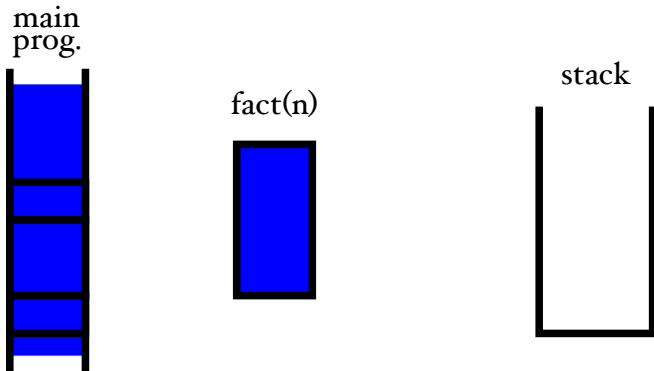
2nd Lecture: E-Voting

Online Banking vs. E-Voting

- online banking: if fraud occurred you try to identify who did what (somebody's account got zero)
- e-voting: some parts can be done electronically, but not the actual voting (final year project: online voting)

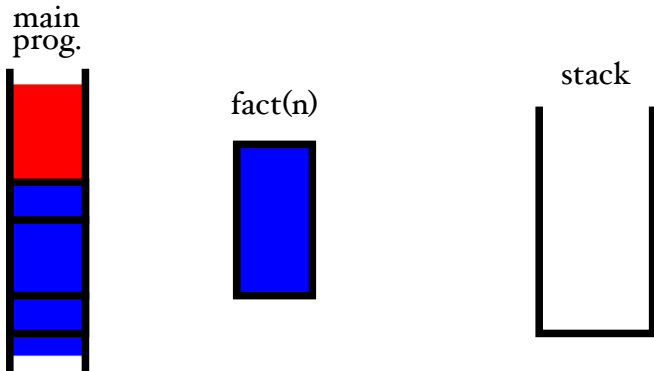
3rd Lecture: Buffer Overflow Attacks

- the problem arises from the way C/C++ organises its function calls



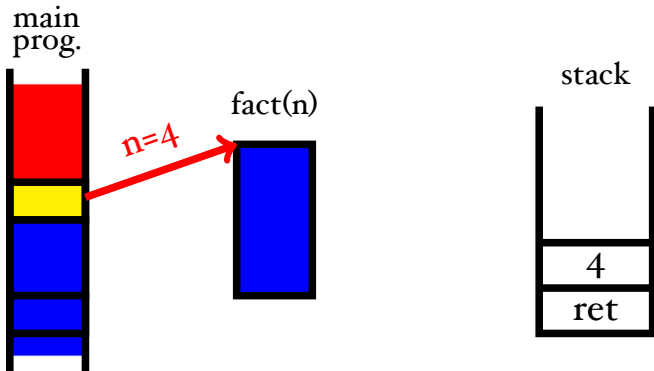
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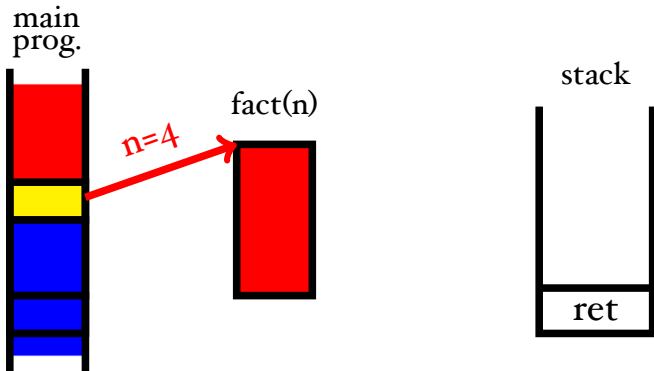
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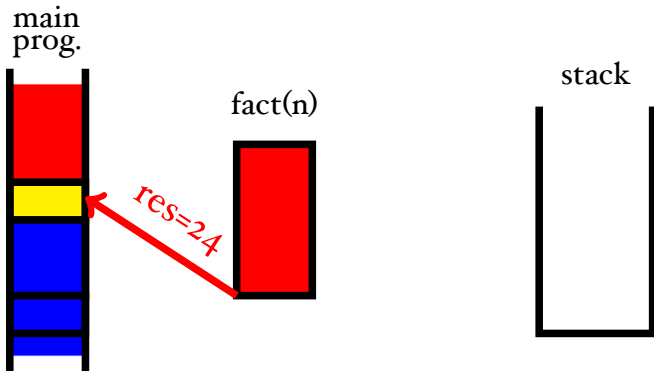
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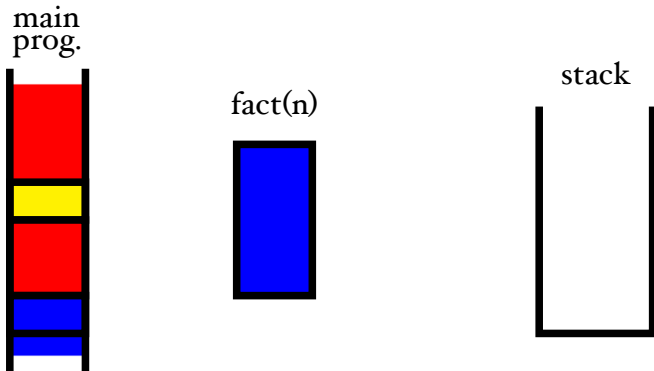
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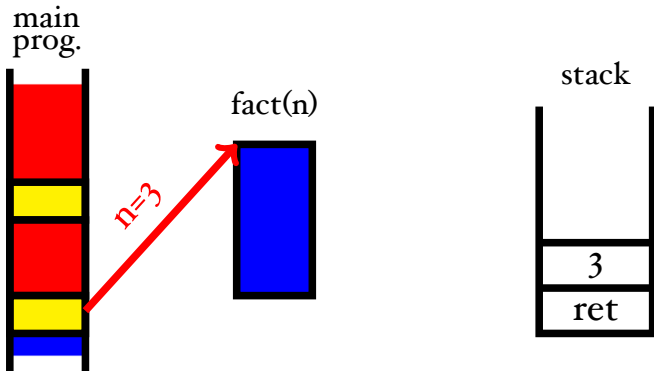
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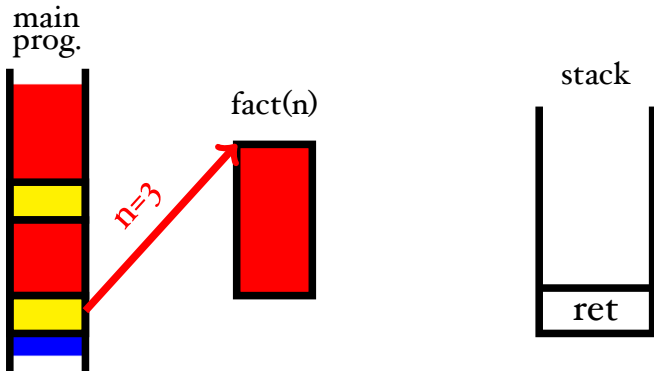
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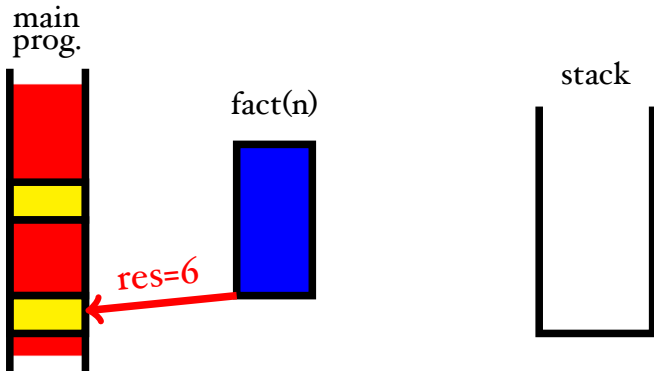
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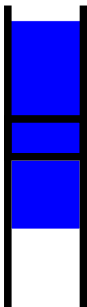


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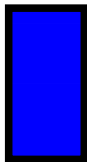
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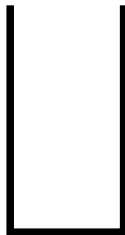
main
prog.



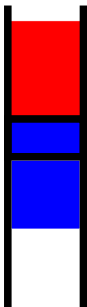
fact(n)



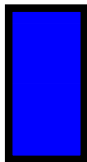
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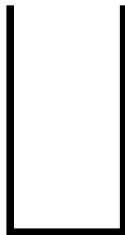
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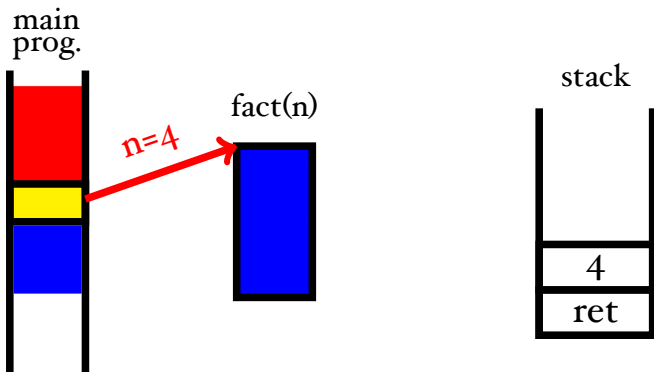


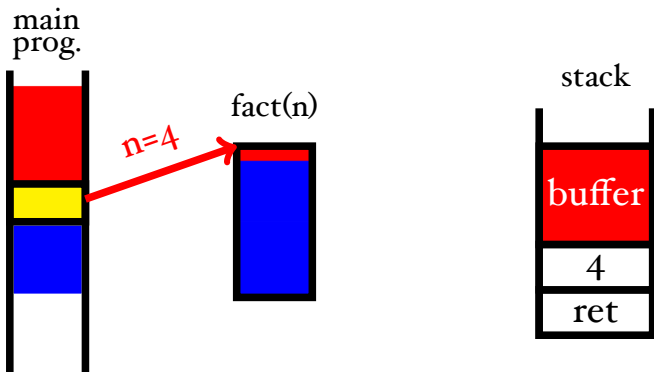
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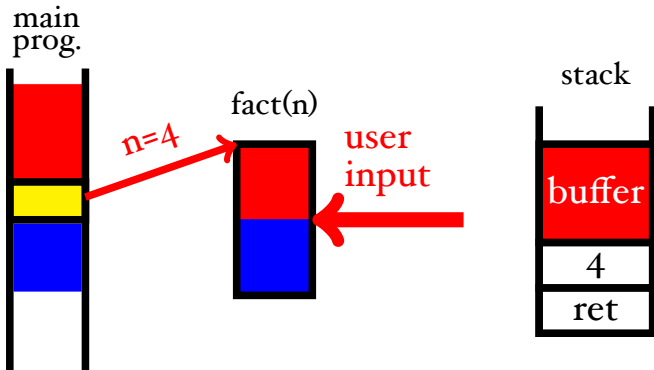


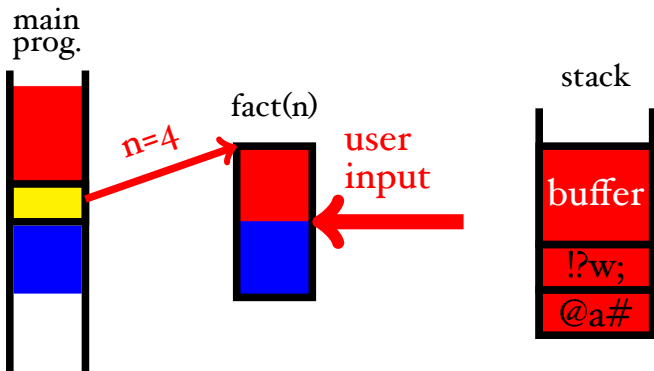
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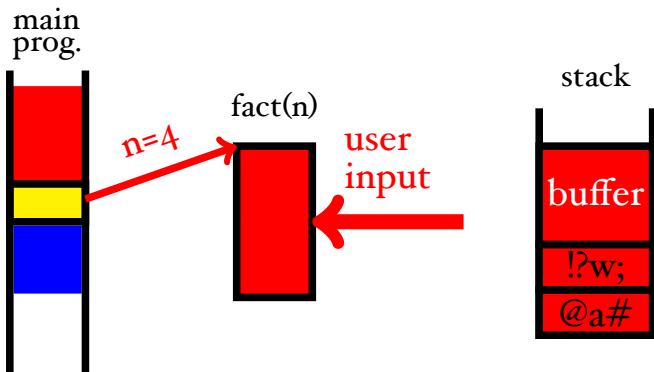


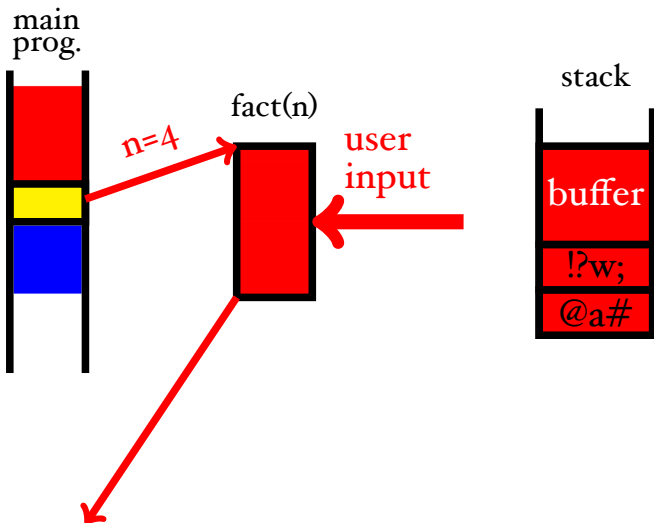






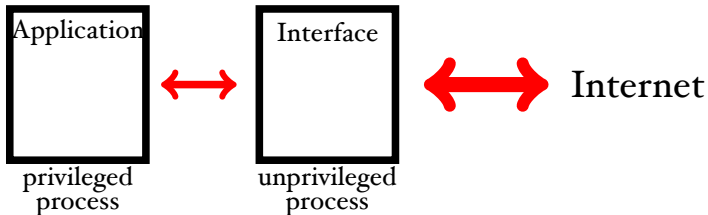






3rd Lecture: Unix Access Control

- privileges are specified by file access permissions (“everything is a file”)



- the idea is make the attack surface smaller and mitigate the consequences of an attack

3rd Lecture:

Unix Access Control

- when a file with setuid is executed, the resulting process will assume the UID given to the owner of the file

```
$ ls -ld . * */*
drwxr-xr-x 1 ping staff 32768 Apr  2 2010 .
-rw----r-- 1 ping students 31359 Jul 24 2011 manual.txt
-r--rw--w- 1 bob students 4359 Jul 24 2011 report.txt
-rwsr--r-x 1 bob students 141359 Jun  1 2013 microedit
dr--r-xr-x 1 bob staff 32768 Jul 23 2011 src
-rw-r--r-- 1 bob staff 81359 Feb 28 2012 src/code.c
-r--rw---- 1 emma students 959 Jan 23 2012 src/code.h
```


4th Lecture:

Security Levels

Bell-LaPadula access model:

- **Read Rule:** A principal P can read an object O if and only if P 's security level is at least as high as O 's.
- **Write Rule:** A principal P can write an object O if and only if O 's security level is at least as high as P 's.
- **Meta-Rule:** All principals in a system should have a sufficiently high security level in order to access an object.

4th Lecture: Security Levels

Biba (data integrity)

- Biba: **‘no read down’** - **‘no write up’**
- **Read Rule:** A principal P can read an object O if and only if P 's security level is lower or equal than O 's.
- **Write Rule:** A principal P can write an object O if and only if O 's security level is lower or equal than P 's.

4th Lecture: Protocols

A mutual authentication protocol

$$\begin{aligned} A \rightarrow B: & N_a \\ B \rightarrow A: & \{N_a, N_b\}_{K_{ab}} \\ A \rightarrow B: & N_b \end{aligned}$$

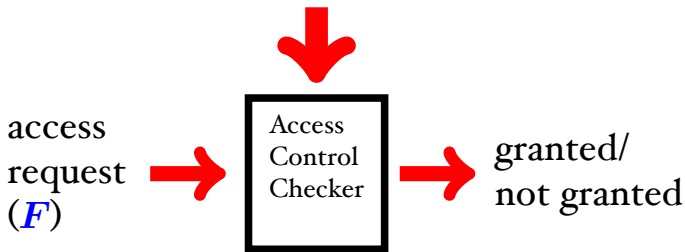
5th Lecture: Access Control Logic

- formulas
- judgements

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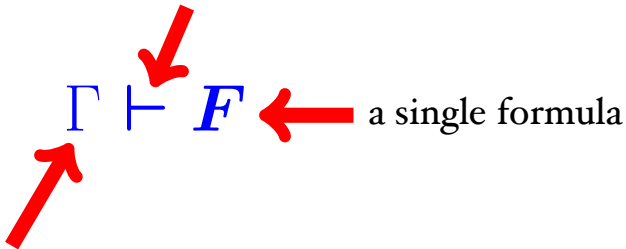
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Access Policy (Γ)



5th Lecture: Access Control Logic

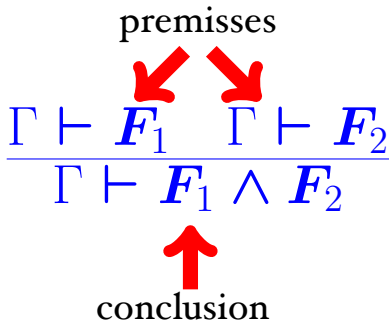
entails sign



Gamma
stands for a collection of formulas
("assumptions")

5th Lecture: Inference Rules

premisses


$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash F_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash F_2}{\Gamma \vdash F_1 \wedge F_2}$$

conclusion

6th Lecture: Privacy