

PEP Scala (1)

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Slides & Code: KEATS





A former student working now at Quantexa:

"I am a former student. I graduated last year. I got my dream job as a backend Scala developer. Most of the Scala I know is from PEP 2018/19. My interviewers said they expect code of a lesser quality even from people with one year of experience."

- compiles to the JVM
 (also JavaScript, native X86 in the works)
- integrates seamlessly with Java
- combines <u>functional</u> and <u>object-oriented</u> programming
- no pointers, no null
- often one can write very concise and elegant code

Java vs Scala

```
public class Point {
  private final int x, y;
  public Point(int x, int y) {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
  public int x() { return x; }
                                            10
  public int y() { return y; }
                                            11
                                            12
```

Java

```
case class Point(val x: Int, val y: Int)
```

Scala

First Steps: Scala Tools

- contains a REPL
- I use VS Code and a Scala extension (M'place)



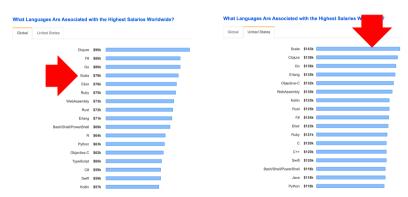
- there is a plugin for Eclipse (called Scala IDE)
- there is also a plugin for IntelliJ

My personal keboard shortcut for VS Code (in keybindings.json)

```
{
    "key": "ctrl+enter",
        "command": "workbench.action.terminal.runSelectedText",
        "when": "editorTextFocus && editorHasSelection"
}
```

Elm, Rust, Haskell, Ocaml, F#, Erlang, ML, Lisp (Racket)...

Money?



^{*} source: Stackoverflow Developer Survey, 2019

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Why Functional Programming?

Elm, Haskell, Ocaml, F#, Erlang, ML, Lisp (Racket)...

Why Functional Programming?

"If you want to see which features will be in mainstream programming languages tomorrow, then take a look at functional programming languages today."

—Simon Peyton Jones (works at Microsoft) main developer of the Glasgow Haskell Compiler

Elm, Haskell, Ocaml, F#, Erlang, ML, Lisp (Racket)...

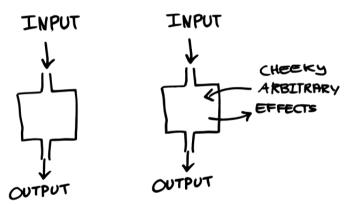
Why Functional Programming?



Immutability

Elm, Haskell, Ocaml, F#, Erlang, ML, Lisp (Racket)...

Functions Procedures



^{*} from "What pure functional programming is all about?"

Why bother? or What is wrong with this?

```
for (int i = 10; i < 20; i++) {
    //...Do something interesting
    // with i...
}</pre>
```

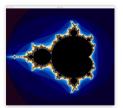
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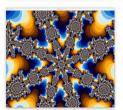


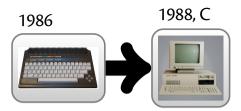


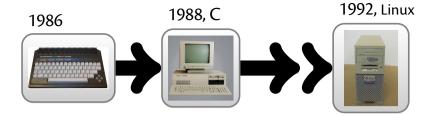
64K RAM, no HD, no monitor, lots of cables

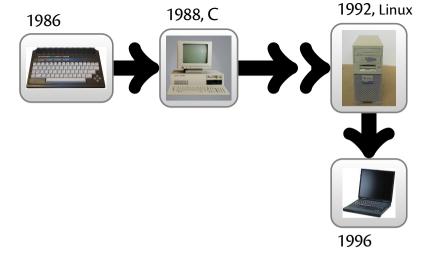
3 days

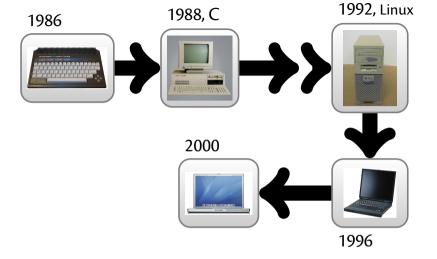


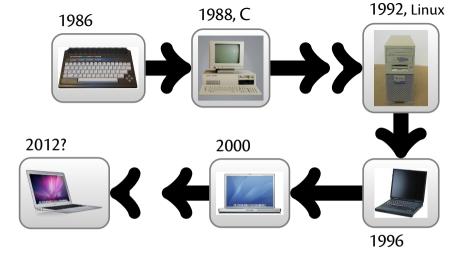


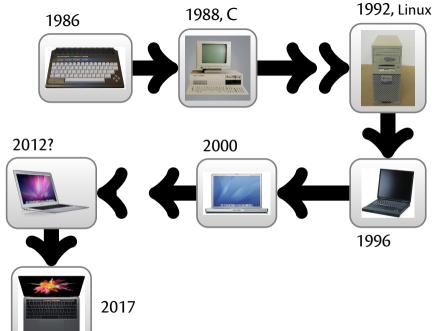


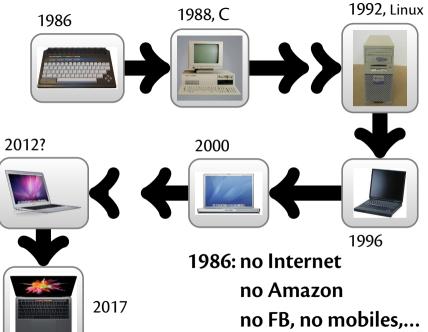




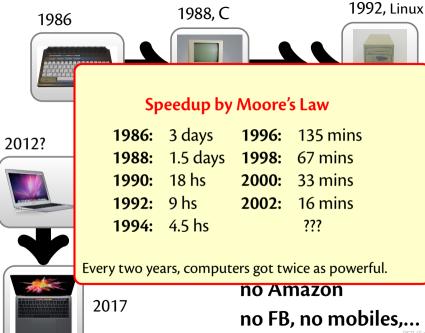




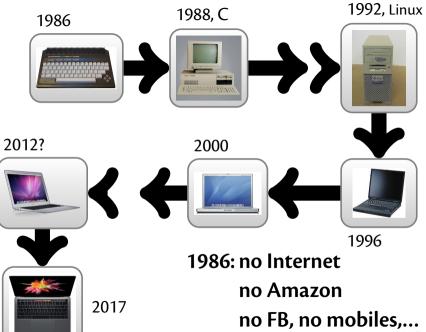




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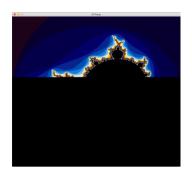


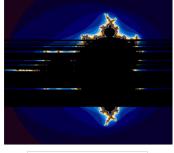
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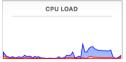


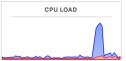
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Seq vs Par

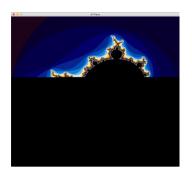


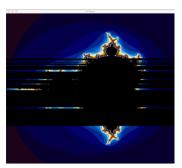


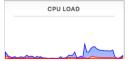


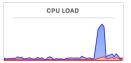


Seq vs Par



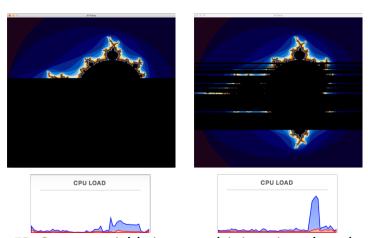








Seq vs Par



In FP: Once a variable is created, it is assigned a value and then never changed again \Rightarrow no synchronisation needed

Types

Base types

```
Int, Long, BigInt, Float, Double
String, Char
Boolean
```

Compound types

```
List[Int] lists of Int's

Set[Double] sets of Double's

(Int, String) Int-String pair

List[(BigInt, String)] lists of BigInt-String

pairs

List[List[Int]] list of lists of Int's

Option[Int] options of Int's
```

Coursework Dates

Similar to C++:

- Preliminary Parts: Wednesdays 4pm
 - Preliminary Part 6: 3% (13 November)
 - Preliminary Part 7: 4% (20 November)
 - Preliminary Part 8: 4% (27 November)
 - Preliminary Part 9: 4% (5 December)
- Core Part: 35% (15 January 2020)

Coursework

- Sorry, I might have been a bit wordy:
 Part 6 of CW description is 7 pages, but I only needed < 100 loc for all Part 6.
- there is feedback when pushing code to github
- there are jar-files you can use to test my reference implementation
- we want you to learn FP!
 no vars, no mutable data-structures
 e.g. no Arrays, no ListBuffer



The Joy of Immutability

 If you need to manipulate some data in a list say, then you make a new list with the updated values, rather than revise the original list. Easy!

- You do not have to be defensive about who can access the data.
- You can look at your code in isolation.

Email: Hate 'val'

Subject: **Hate 'val'** 01:00 AM

Hello Mr Urban,

I just wanted to ask, how are we suppose to work with the completely useless **val**, that can't be changed ever? Why is this rule active at all? I've spent 4 hours not thinking on the coursework, but how to bypass this annoying rule. What's the whole point of all these coursework, when we can't use everything Scala gives us?!?

Regards.

«deleted»

Subject: **Re: Hate 'val'** 01:02 AM

«my usual rant about fp... concurrency bla bla... better programs yada»

PS: What are you trying to do where you desperately want to use var?

```
Subject: Re: Re: Hate 'val'
                                                        01:04 AM
Right now my is_legal function works fine:
def is legal(dim: Int, path: Path)(x: Pos): Boolean = {
  var boolReturn = false
  if(x._1 > dim || x._2 > dim || x._1 < 0 || x._2 < 0) {
  else { var breakLoop = false
          if(path == Nil) { boolReturn = true }
          else { for(i <- 0 until path.length) {</pre>
                      if(breakLoop == false) {
                        if(path(i) == x) {
                          boolReturn = true
                          breakLoop = true
                        else { boolReturp
                                          ...but I can't make it work with
                      } else breakLoop
                                           boolReturn being val. What approach
                                           would you recommend in this case,
                                           and is using var in this case justified?
          boolReturn
```

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```
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                                                    01:04 AM
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def is legal(dim: Int, path: Path)(x: Pos): Boolean = {
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                    if(breakLoop == false) {
                       if(path(i) == x) {
                         boolReturn = true
                         breakLoop = true
                       else { boolReturp
```

Me:



} else breakLoop

...but I can't make it work with boolReturn being val. What approach would you recommend in this case, and is using var in this case justified?

Subject: Re: Re: Hate 'val'

01:06 AM

OK. So you want to make sure that the x-position is not outside the board....and furthermore you want to make sure that the x-position is not yet in the path list. How about something like

```
def is_legal(dim: Int, path: Path)(x: Pos): Boolean =
    ...<<some board conditions>>... && !path.contains(x)
```

Does not even contain a val.

(This is all on one line)

Subject: Re: Re: Re: Hate 'val' 11:02 AM

THANK YOU! You made me change my coding perspective. Because of you, I figured out the next one...

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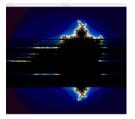


Conclusion for Today

- Scala is still under development, 2.13.1 came out in Sept. (the compiler is terribly slow)
- http://www.scala-lang.org/
- it is a rather deep language...i.e. gives you a lot of rope to shoot yourself
- learning functional programming is not easy...when you have spent all of your career thinking in an imperative way, it is hard to change
- hope you have fun with Scala and the assignments

Questions?





My Office Hours: Thursdays 12 – 14 And specifically for Scala: Tuesdays 10:45 – 11:45



Mind-Blowing Programming Languages: C/C++