

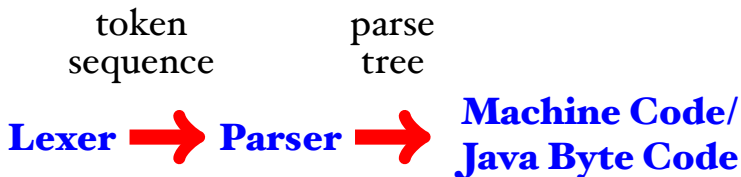
# Compilers and Formal Languages (7)

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Slides: KEATS (also homework is there)

# Bird's Eye View



# JVM Code

## Jasmin Krakatau ASM lib

```
ldc 1000
istore 0
iload 0
istore 1
iload 0
istore 2
iload 0
istore 3

Loop_begin_0:
ldc 0
iload 1
if_icmpge Loop_end_1

Loop_begin_2:
ldc 0
iload 2
if_icmpge Loop_end_3

Loop_begin_4:
ldc 0
iload 3

if_icmpge Loop_end_5
iload 3
ldc 1
isub
istore 3
goto Loop_begin_4

Loop_end_5:
iload 0
istore 3
iload 2
ldc 1
isub
istore 2
goto Loop_begin_2

Loop_end_3:
iload 0
istore 2
iload 1
ldc 1
isub
istore 1
goto Loop_begin_0
```

***Stmt*** ::= skip  
| ***Id := AExp***  
| if ***BExp*** then ***Block*** else ***Block***  
| while ***BExp*** do ***Block***  
| read ***Id***  
| write ***Id***  
| write ***String***

***Stmts*** ::= ***Stmt ; Stmts***  
| ***Stmt***

***Block*** ::= { ***Stmts*** }  
| ***Stmt***

***AExp*** ::= ...

***BExp*** ::= ...

# Fibonacci Numbers

```
write "Fib";
read n;
minus1 := 0;
minus2 := 1;
while n > 0 do {
    temp := minus2;
    minus2 := minus1 + minus2;
    minus1 := temp;
    n := n - 1
};
write "Result";
write minus2
```

# Interpreter

$\text{eval}(n, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} n$
$\text{eval}(x, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E(x) \quad \text{lookup } x \text{ in } E$
$\text{eval}(a_1 + a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{eval}(a_1, E) + \text{eval}(a_2, E)$
$\text{eval}(a_1 - a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{eval}(a_1, E) - \text{eval}(a_2, E)$
$\text{eval}(a_1 * a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{eval}(a_1, E) * \text{eval}(a_2, E)$
$\text{eval}(a_1 = a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{eval}(a_1, E) = \text{eval}(a_2, E)$
$\text{eval}(a_1 \neq a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg(\text{eval}(a_1, E) = \text{eval}(a_2, E))$
$\text{eval}(a_1 < a_2, E)$	$\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{eval}(a_1, E) < \text{eval}(a_2, E)$

# Interpreter (2)

$$\text{eval}(\text{skip}, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E$$

$$\text{eval}(x := a, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E(x \mapsto \text{eval}(a, E))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{eval}(\text{if } b \text{ then } cs_1 \text{ else } cs_2, E) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ &\text{if } \text{eval}(b, E) \text{ then } \text{eval}(cs_1, E) \\ &\text{else } \text{eval}(cs_2, E) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{eval}(\text{while } b \text{ do } cs, E) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ &\text{if } \text{eval}(b, E) \\ &\text{then } \text{eval}(\text{while } b \text{ do } cs, \text{eval}(cs, E)) \\ &\text{else } E \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{eval}(\text{write } x, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \text{println}(E(x)) ; E \}$$

# Test Program

```
start := 1000;  
x := start;  
y := start;  
z := start;  
while 0 < x do {  
  while 0 < y do {  
    while 0 < z do { z := z - 1 };  
    z := start;  
    y := y - 1  
  };  
  y := start;  
  x := x - 1  
}
```



```
ldc 1000
istore 0
iload 0
istore 1
iload 0
istore 2
iload 0
istore 3
```

```
Loop_begin_0:
```

```
ldc 0
iload 1
if_icmpge Loop_end_1
```

```
Loop_begin_2:
```

```
ldc 0
iload 2
if_icmpge Loop_end_3
```

```
Loop_begin_4:
```

```
ldc 0
iload 3
```

```
if_icmpge Loop_end_5
iload 3
ldc 1
isub
istore 3
goto Loop_begin_4
```

```
Loop_end_5:
```

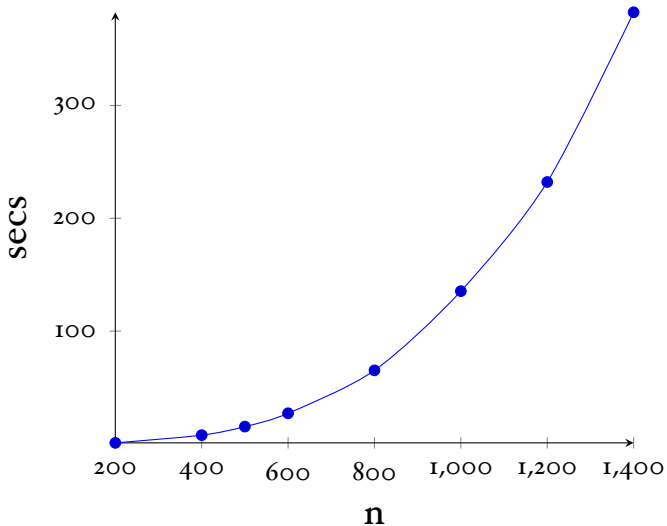
```
iload 0
istore 3
iload 2
ldc 1
isub
istore 2
goto Loop_begin_2
```

```
Loop_end_3:
```

```
iload 0
istore 2
iload 1
ldc 1
isub
istore 1
goto Loop_begin_0
```

```
Loop_end_1:
```

# Interpreted Code

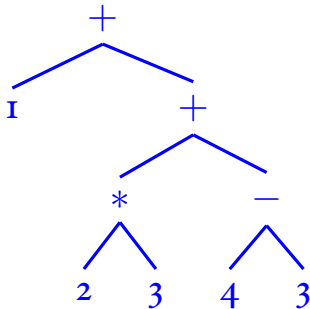


# Java Virtual Machine

- introduced in 1995
- is a stack-based VM (like Postscript, CLR of .Net)
- contains a JIT compiler
- many languages take advantage of JVM's infrastructure (JRE)
- is garbage collected  $\Rightarrow$  no buffer overflows
- some languages compiled to the JVM: Scala, Clojure...

# Compiling AExps

For example  $1 + ((2 * 3) + (4 - 3))$ :



**ldc** 1

**ldc** 2

**ldc** 3

**imul**

**ldc** 4

**ldc** 3

**isub**

**iadd**

**iadd**

Traverse tree in post-order  $\Rightarrow$  code for stack-machine

# Compiling AExps

1 + 2 + 3

ldc 1

ldc 2

iadd

ldc 3

iadd

# Compiling AExps

**1 + (2 + 3)**

**ldc 1**

**ldc 2**

**ldc 3**

**iadd**

**iadd**

# Compiling AExps

**1 + (2 + 3)**

**ldc 1**

**ldc 2**

**ldc 3**

**iadd**

**iadd**

**dadd, fadd, ladd, ...**

# Compiling AExps

$\text{compile}(n) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{ldc } n$

$\text{compile}(a_1 + a_2) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1) @ \text{compile}(a_2) @ \text{iadd}$

$\text{compile}(a_1 - a_2) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1) @ \text{compile}(a_2) @ \text{isub}$

$\text{compile}(a_1 * a_2) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1) @ \text{compile}(a_2) @ \text{imul}$



# Compiling AExps

$1 + 2 * 3 + (4 - 3)$

**ldc** 1

**ldc** 2

**ldc** 3

**imul**

**ldc** 4

**ldc** 3

**isub**

**iadd**

**iadd**

# Variables

**$x := 5 + y * 2$**

# Variables

$x := 5 + y * 2$

- lookup: **iload** *index*
- store: **istore** *index*

# Variables

$x := 5 + y * 2$

- lookup: **iload** *index*
- store: **istore** *index*

while compiling we have to maintain a map between our identifiers and the Java bytecode indices

$\text{compile}(a, E)$

# Compiling AExps

$\text{compile}(n, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{ldc } n$

$\text{compile}(a_1 + a_2, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1, E) @ \text{compile}(a_2, E) @ \text{iadd}$

$\text{compile}(a_1 - a_2, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1, E) @ \text{compile}(a_2, E) @ \text{isub}$

$\text{compile}(a_1 * a_2, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1, E) @ \text{compile}(a_2, E) @ \text{imul}$

$\text{compile}(x, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{iload } E(x)$

# Mathematical Functions

Compilation of some mathematical functions:

`Aop("+", a1, a2) ⇒ ...iadd`

`Aop("-", a1, a2) ⇒ ...isub`

`Aop("*", a1, a2) ⇒ ...imul`

`Aop("/", a1, a2) ⇒ ...idiv`

`Aop("%", a1, a2) ⇒ ...irem`

# Compiling Statements

We return a list of instructions and an environment for the variables

$$\text{compile}(\text{skip}, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{Nil}, E)$$

$$\text{compile}(x := a, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\text{compile}(a, E) @ \text{istore } \textit{index}, E(x \mapsto \textit{index}))$$

where *index* is  $E(x)$  if it is already defined, or if it is not, then the largest index not yet seen

# Compiling Assignments

**$x := x + 1$**

**iload**  $n_x$

**ldc** 1

**iadd**

**istore**  $n_x$

where  $n_x$  is the index corresponding to the variable  $x$



# Compiling Ifs

if  $b$  then  $cs_1$  else  $cs_2$

code of  $b$

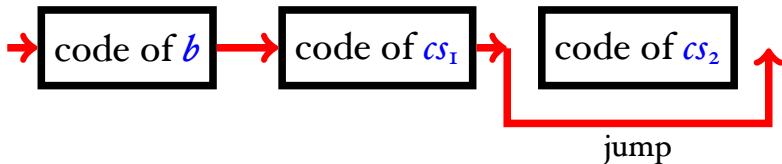
code of  $cs_1$

code of  $cs_2$

# Compiling Ifs

if  $b$  then  $cs_1$  else  $cs_2$

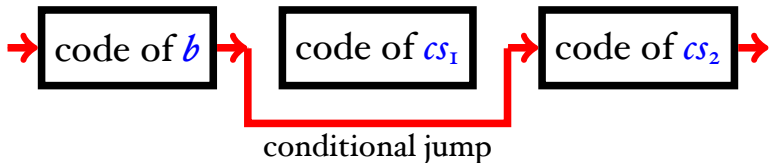
Case **True**:



# Compiling Ifs

if  $b$  then  $cs_1$  else  $cs_2$

Case **False**:



# Conditional Jumps

- **if\_icmpeq** *label* if two ints are equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpne** *label* if two ints aren't equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpge** *label* if one int is greater or equal than another, then jump

...

# Conditional Jumps

- **if\_icmpeq** *label* if two ints are equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpne** *label* if two ints aren't equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpge** *label* if one int is greater or equal than another, then jump

...

```
L1:  
    if_icmpeq L2  
    iload 1  
    ldc 1  
    iadd  
    if_icmpeq L1
```

```
L2:
```

# Conditional Jumps

- **if\_icmpeq** *label* if two ints are equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpne** *label* if two ints aren't equal, then jump
- **if\_icmpge** *label* if one int is greater or equal than another, then jump

...

$L_1$ :

**if\_icmpeq**  $L_2$

**iload** 1

**ldc** 1

**iadd**

**if\_icmpeq**  $L_1$

labels must  
be unique

$L_2$ :

# Compiling Ifs

For example

```
if 1 = 1 then x := 2 else y := 3
```

```
ldc 1  
ldc 1  
if_icmpne L_ifelse  
ldc 2  
istore 0  
goto L_ifend  
L_ifelse: ←  
ldc 3  
istore 1  
L_ifend: ←
```

# Compiling BExps

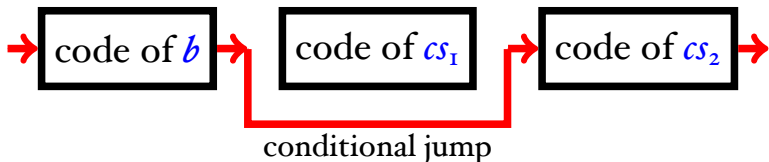
$$a_1 = a_2$$

$$\text{compile}(a_1 = a_2, E, lab) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{compile}(a_1, E) @ \text{compile}(a_2, E) @ \text{if\_icmpne } lab$$



# Boolean Expressions

Compilation of boolean expressions:



Bop("==", a1, a2)  $\Rightarrow$  ...if\_icmpne...

Bop("!=", a1, a2)  $\Rightarrow$  ...if\_icmpeq...

Bop("<", a1, a2)  $\Rightarrow$  ...if\_icmpge...

Bop("<=", a1, a2)  $\Rightarrow$  ...if\_icmpgt...

# Compiling Ifs

if  $b$  then  $cs_1$  else  $cs_2$

$\text{compile}(\text{if } b \text{ then } cs_1 \text{ else } cs_2, E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$

$l_{ifelse}$  (fresh label)

$l_{ifend}$  (fresh label)

$(is_1, E') = \text{compile}(cs_1, E)$

$(is_2, E'') = \text{compile}(cs_2, E')$

$(\text{compile}(b, E, l_{ifelse})$

@  $is_1$

@ goto  $l_{ifend}$

@  $l_{ifelse}$  :

@  $is_2$

@  $l_{ifend}$  :,  $E''$ )

# Compiling While

while *b* do *cs*

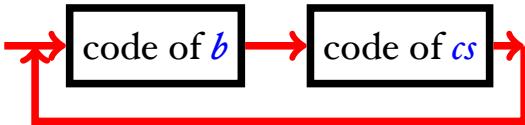
code of *b*

code of *cs*

# Compiling Whiles

while  $b$  do  $cs$

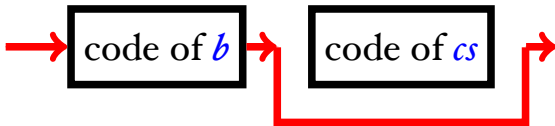
Case **True**:



# Compiling Whiles

while  $b$  do  $cs$

Case **False**:



# Compiling Whiles

while  $b$  do  $cs$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{compile}(\text{while } b \text{ do } cs, E) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \\ &l_{\text{wbegin}} \text{ (fresh label)} \\ &l_{\text{wend}} \text{ (fresh label)} \\ &(is, E') = \text{compile}(cs_I, E) \\ &(l_{\text{wbegin}} : \\ &\quad @ \text{ compile}(b, E, l_{\text{wend}}) \\ &\quad @ is \\ &\quad @ \text{ goto } l_{\text{wbegin}} \\ &\quad @ l_{\text{wend}} :, E') \end{aligned}$$

# Compiling Whiles

For example

```
while x <= 10 do x := x + 1
```

```
L_wbegin:      ←  
    iload 0  
    ldc 10  
    if_icmpgt L_wend  
    iload 0  
    ldc 1  
    iadd  
    istore 0  
    goto L_wbegin  
L_wend:      ←
```

# Compiling Writes

```
.method public static write(I)V
  .limit locals 1
  .limit stack 2
  getstatic java/lang/System/out
                                     Ljava/io/PrintStream;
  iload 0
  invokevirtual java/io/PrintStream/println(I)V
  return
.end method
```

```
iload  $E(x)$ 
invokestatic XXX/XXX/write(I)V
```



# Compiling Main

```
.class public XXX.XXX
.super java/lang/Object

.method public <init>()V
    aload_0
    invokenonvirtual java/lang/Object/<init>()V
    return
.end method

.method public static main([Ljava/lang/String;)V
    .limit locals 200
    .limit stack 200

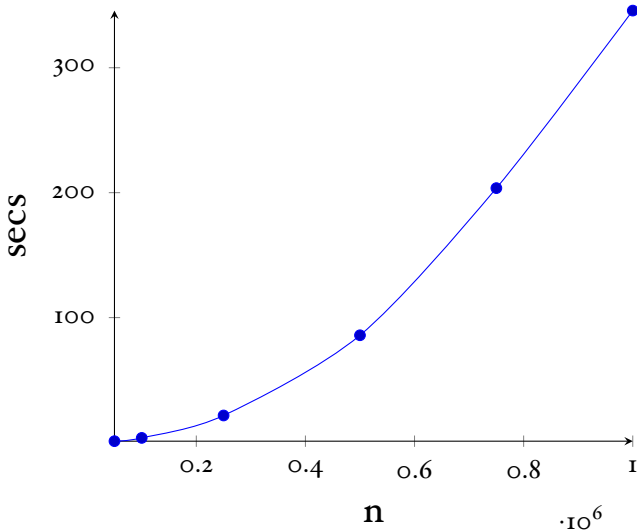
    ...here comes the compiled code...

    return
.end method
```

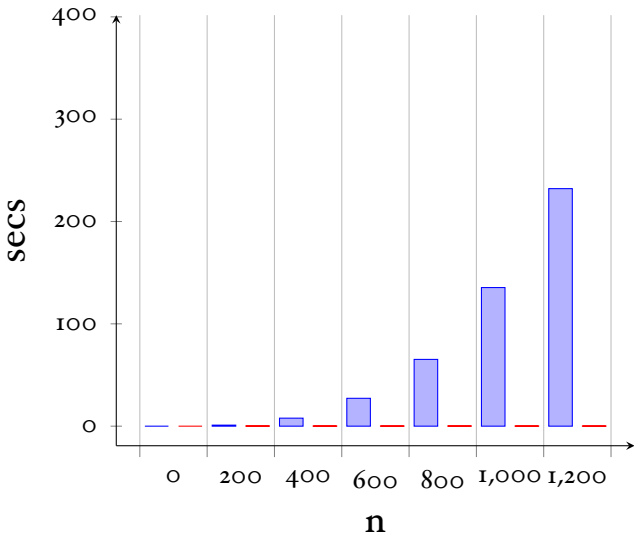
# Next Compiler Phases

- assembly  $\Rightarrow$  byte code (class file)
- labels  $\Rightarrow$  absolute or relative jumps
  
- javap is a disassembler for class files

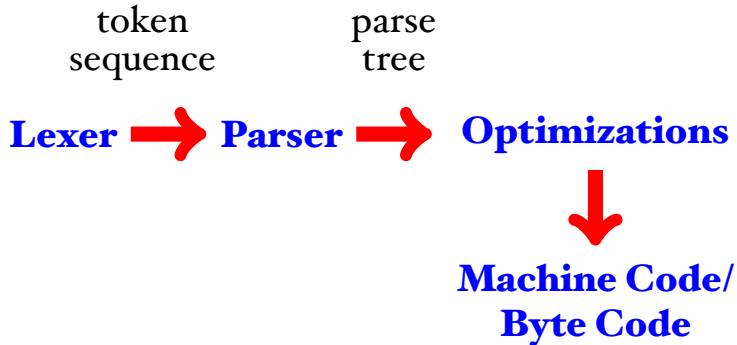
# Compiled Code



# Compiler vs. Interpreter



# Backend



# What is Next

- register spilling
- dead code removal
- loop optimisations
- instruction selection
- type checking
- concurrency
- fuzzy testing
- verification
  
- GCC, LLVM, tracing JITs