Homework 1

1. **(Optional)** If you want to run the code presented in the lectures, install the Scala programming language available (for free) from

```
http://www.scala-lang.org
```

If you want to follow the code I present during the lectures, read the handout about Scala.

- 2. **(Optional)** Have a look at the crawler programs. Can you find a usage for them in your daily programming life? Can you improve them? (For example in cases there are links that appear on different recursion levels, the crawlers visit such web-pages several times. Can this be avoided?)
- 3. Read the handout of the first lecture and the handout about notation. Make sure you understand the concepts of strings and languages. In the context of the AFL-course, what is meant by the term *language*?
- 4. Give the definition for regular expressions. What is the meaning of a regular expression? (Hint: The meaning is defined recursively.)
- 5. Assume the concatenation operation of two strings is written as $s_1@s_2$. Define the operation of *concatenating*, written $_$ @ $_$ two sets of strings.
- 6. Assume a set *A* contains 4 strings and a set *B* 7 strings, how many strings are in *A* @ *B*?
- 7. How is the power of a language defined? (Hint: There are two rules, one for $_{0}^{0}$ and one for $_{n+1}^{-1}$.)
- 8. How many regular expressions are there to match the string *abc*? How many if they cannot include ϵ and \varnothing ? How many if they are also not allowed to contain stars? How many if they are also not allowed to contain _ + _?
- 9. When are two regular expressions equivalent? Can you think of instances where two regular expressions match the same strings, but it is not so obvious that they do? For example a + b and b + a do not count...they obviously match the same strings, namely [a] and [b].