Automata and Formal Languages (7)

Email: christian.urban at kcl.ac.uk

Office: S1.27 (1st floor Strand Building)

Slides: KEATS (also home work is there)

CFGs

A context-free grammar (CFG) G consists of:

- a finite set of nonterminal symbols (upper case)
- a finite terminal symbols or tokens (lower case)
- a start symbol (which must be a nonterminal)
- a set of rules

$A \rightarrow \text{rhs}$

where rhs are sequences involving terminals and nonterminals (can also be empty).

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We can also allow rules

$$A \rightarrow \text{rhs}_1|\text{rhs}_2|\dots$$

A CFG Derivation

- lacktriangle Begin with a string with only the start symbol S
- **②** Replace any non-terminal X in the string by the right-hand side of some production $X \to rhs$
- Nepeat 2 until there are no non-terminals

$$S \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow \ldots$$

Language of a CFG

Let G be a context-free grammar with start symbol S. Then the language L(G) is:

$$\{c_1 \dots c_n \mid \forall i. \ c_i \in T \land S \rightarrow^* c_1 \dots c_n\}$$

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- Terminals are so-called because there are no rules for replacing them
- Once generated, terminals are "permanent"
- Terminals ought to be tokens of the language (at least in this course)

Arithmetic Expressions

$$egin{array}{lll} E &
ightarrow & num_token \ E &
ightarrow & E \cdot + \cdot E \ E &
ightarrow & E \cdot - \cdot E \ E &
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A CFG is left-recursive if it has a nonterminal E such that $E \rightarrow^+ E$.

Parse Trees

$$E \rightarrow F \mid F \cdot * \cdot F$$

$$F \rightarrow T \mid T \cdot + \cdot T \mid T \cdot - \cdot T$$

$$T \rightarrow num_token \mid (\cdot E \cdot)$$

$$(2*3)+(3+4) \qquad E$$

$$F \mid T \qquad T$$

$$(E) \qquad (E)$$

$$F \mid F \qquad F$$

$$T \qquad T + T$$

Ambiguous Grammars

A CFG is ambiguous if there is a string that has at least parse trees.

$$egin{array}{lll} E &
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ightarrow & E \cdot - \cdot E \ E &
ightarrow & E \cdot * \cdot E \ E &
ightarrow & (\cdot E \cdot) \end{array}$$

$$1 + 2 * 3 + 4$$

Dangling Else

Another ambiguous grammar:

$$egin{array}{ll} E &
ightarrow & ext{if E then E} \ & | & ext{if E then E else E} \ & | & ext{id} \end{array}$$

if a then if x then y else c