## Homework 1

1. **(Optional)** If you want to run the code presented in the lectures, install the Scala programming language available (for free) from

```
http://www.scala-lang.org
```

If you want to follow the code I present during the lectures, read the handout about Scala.

- 2. **(Optional)** Have a look at the crawler programs. Can you find a usage for them in your daily programming life? Can you improve them? (For example in cases there are links that appear on different recursion levels, the crawlers visit such web-pages several times. Can this be avoided?)
- 3. Read the handout of the first lecture and the handout about notation. Make sure you understand the concepts of strings and languages.
- 4. In the context of the AFL-course, what is meant by the term *language*?
- 5. Give the definition for regular expressions. What is the meaning of a regular expression?
- 6. Assume the concatenation operation of two strings is written as  $s_1@s_2$ . Define the operation of *concatenating* two sets of strings.
- 7. Assume a set *A* contains 4 strings and a set *B* 7 strings, how many strings are in *A*@*B*?
- 8. How is the power of a language defined? (Hint: There are two rules, one for  $\_^0$  and one for  $\_^{n+1}$ .)
- 9. How many regular expressions are there to match the string *abc*? (How many if they cannot include  $\epsilon$  and  $\varnothing$ ? How many if they also are not allowed to contain stars? How many if they also are not allowed to contain  $\_+\_?$ )
- 10. When are two regular expressions equivalent? Can you think of instances where two regular expressions are equivalent, but it is not so obvious that they are? For example a+b and b+a do not count...they are obviously equivalent.