Homework 1

Please submit your solutions via email. Please submit only ASCII text or PDFs. Every solution should be preceeded by the corresponding question, like:

Qn:...a difficult question from me...A:...an answer from you ...Qn+1...another difficult question...A:...another brilliant answer from you...

Solutions will only be accepted until 30th December!

1. **(Optional)** If you want to run the code presented in the lectures, install the Scala programming language available (for free) from

http://www.scala-lang.org

If you want to follow the code I present during the lectures, read the handout about Scala.

- 2. **(Optional)** Have a look at the crawler programs. Can you find a usage for them in your daily programming life? Can you improve them? (For example in cases there are links that appear on different recursion levels, the crawlers visit such web-pages several times. Can this be avoided?)
- 3. Read the handout of the first lecture and the handout about notation. Make sure you understand the concepts of strings and languages. In the context of the AFL-course, what is meant by the term *language*?
- 4. Give the definition for regular expressions. What is the meaning of a regular expression? (Hint: The meaning is defined recursively.)
- 5. Assume the concatenation operation of two strings is written as $s_1@s_2$. Define the operation of *concatenating*, written _@_, two sets of strings.
- 6. Assume a set *A* contains 4 strings and a set *B* 7 strings. None of the strings is the empty string. How many strings are in *A* @ *B*?
- 7. How is the power of a language defined? (Hint: There are two rules, one for $_{0}^{0}$ and one for $_{n+1}^{n+1}$.)
- Let A = {[a], [b], [c], [d]}. How many strings are in A⁴? Consider the case of A⁴ where one of the strings in A is the empty string, for example A = {[a], [b], [c], []}.
- 9. How many regular expressions are there to match the string *abc*? How many if they cannot include *ε* and Ø? How many if they are also not allowed to contain stars? How many if they are also not allowed to contain _ + _?

10. When are two regular expressions equivalent? Can you think of instances where two regular expressions match the same strings, but it is not so obvious that they do? For example a + b and b + a do not count...they obviously match the same strings, namely [a] and [b].